Succession Planning Toolkit

Succession planning is the process of identifying the critical positions within your organization and developing action plans for individuals to assume those positions. Taking a holistic view of current and future goals, this process ensures that you have the right people in the right jobs today and in the years to come.

A succession plan identifies future staffing needs and the people with the skills and potential to perform in these future roles.

In the long term, succession planning strengthens the overall capability of the organization by:

- Identifying critical positions and highlighting potential vacancies;
- Selecting key competencies and skills necessary for business continuity;
- Focusing development of individuals to meet future business needs

Included in this toolkit are templates and tips for:

- Ensuring succession planning is closely tied to business strategy and goals;
- Understanding the importance of engaging executive and senior leaders in the process;
- Clearly defining the development of key talent; and
- Ensuring staff understand their role in the process and know what is expected of them.

If you need assistance in getting succession planning started in your organization, contact Professional & Organizational Development or your HR consultant.

Beware of unconscious bias you may bring to succession planning. It is well documented that managers tend to hire and promote people who are like them. At the University of Washington, we strive to foster an inclusive and diverse workplace. We strongly recommend that succession planning is a collaborative process within your organization with a broad array of leaders adding input into the identification, selection, and mentoring process.

SUCCESSION PLANNING PROCESS OVERVIEW



ASSESS

- Identify significant business challenges in the next 1–5 years
- Identify critical positions that will be needed to support business continuity
- · Identify competencies, skills and institutional knowledge that are critical success factors



EVALUATE

- Consider high potential employees
- Select the competencies individuals will need to be successful in positions and to meet identified business challenges
- Categorize skill or competency gaps
- Predict the likelihood for attracting a robust and qualified candidate pool



DEVELOP

- Capture the knowledge that individuals possess before departing the organization
- Develop a pool of talent to step into critical positions through targeted career development strategies

STEP1 Identify significant business challenges in the next 1–5 years

Your department's strategic plan is a great place to start in identifying current and future challenges. If your department doesn't have a strategic plan or it is not drilled down enough to your team's specific strategies and priorities, an environmental scan can provide you with enough information to start the succession planning process.

Environmental scans can be conducted	SCAN WORKSHEET during a brainstorming session at a tear th stakeholders, or by a combination of t	n meeting, as part of a management
Participants:		
Date:		
What's happening inside and		
Right now?	In the near future?	In the distant future?

STEP 2 Identify critical positions that will be needed to support business continuity

Since the next step involves identifying critical positions that your succession plan will be built around, we recommend your department's HR administrator and/or assigned HR consultant be involved in this part of the process.

CRITICAL POSITION WORKSHEET

Review positions at the director level and above to determine which positions are key. Also, consider including individual contributor positions that require a particularly unique skillset, are traditionally hard to recruit for, or have a high turnover rate. Evaluate the impact each position has in achieving the strategic goals and objectives, as well as the vacancy risk and marketability of the incumbent.

Position Title:			
Position Payroll Title:			
Position Status:	Filled	○ Vacant	
POSITION IMPACT:		Medium 'Position Impact" sho objectives and strate	Low ould be based on a prioritized list of the department's egic plan.
VACANCY RISK:	● High Assessment of " eligibility, mark		● Low d be based on factors such as the incumbent's retirement

STEP 3 Identify competencies, skills and institutional knowledge that are critical success factors

After you determine which positions are mission critical and have a significant vacancy risk, identify competencies, skills and institutional knowledge that are critical success factors for each of the positions that require a succession plan.

CRITICAL SU	ICCESS FACTOR WORK	SHEET
Position Title:		
Position Payroll Title:		
Education: (degrees, certifications, licens	sure)	
Work Experiences:		
	CORE COMPETENCIES	TECHNICAL COMPETENCIES
	 □ Communication □ Strategic Planning □ Building Productive Relationships □ Continuously Improving Quality □ Developing Self □ Focusing on Customers □ Valuing Cultural Diversity □ Managing Change □ Developing and Coaching Others 	 □ Project Management □ Policy Development and Analysis □ Budget and Fiscal Management □ Human Resources Management □ Legal Compliance □ Computer Systems & Technology □ Program Development □ Data Analysis □ Grants and Contract Management
Other skills?		
What unique institutio	INSTITUTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OR REL onal knowledge or relationships are inhere e this knowledge in the organization? If so,	nt to the success of this position?
How critical is it that th	his knowledge is documented and shared?	High Medium Low
PLAN FOR SHARING I ☐ process documenta ☐ job aids		

STEP 4 Consider high potential employees

After you have evaluated which positions require a succession plan, the next step is to consider if there are current staff members ready to successfully assume the role or have potential to grow into it over time.

Working with your HR administrator or HR consultant, determine which staff members are currently eligible or may be eligible within 3-5 years for prioritized positions.

If you are conducting this succession planning exercise as a leadership team, be aware that high potential employees are often not distributed evenly within an organization. Be willing to have honest conversations and remember that just because an individual is not identified as high potential doesn't mean that they are not a strong individual contributor, nor should they be denied access to professional development activities.

HIGH POTENTIAL EMPLOYEE IDENTIFICATION
Name:
Position Title:
Unit:
Years in Current Position:
Current Supervisor:
Target Position:
Target Position Key Competencies:
Ready: now within 1 year within 2 years within 3–5 years
ACTION PLAN:

STEP 5 Select the competencies individuals will need to be successful in positions and to meet identified business challenges

Preparing an individual to progress in the organization is not a cookie-cutter process. It often takes a combination of formal training, thoughtful coaching, trusted mentorship, and key assignments. Managers and executive leadership play a key role in creating access/removing barriers to key assignments and providing honest feedback along the way.

Managers should be having ongoing career development conversations with all employees in addition to their annual performance reviews. Career development conversations with high potential employees should be focused on closing the gaps and/or strengthen existing skills and competencies.

Career development should be a part of your organization's regular HR practices and not only reserved for high potential individuals. Contact POD for more information about developing a department-wide career development program.

lame:	
osition Title:	
nit:	
upervisor Name:	
upervisor Title: ONG TERM GOALS	
ONG TERM GOALS	career goals over the next 3–5 years? Describe how your long term goals fit in with the goals partment?
ONG TERM GOALS That are your long term and priorities of your dep	
ONG TERM GOALS /hat are your long term	

CAREER DEVELOPMENT PLAN WORKSHEET (page 2)

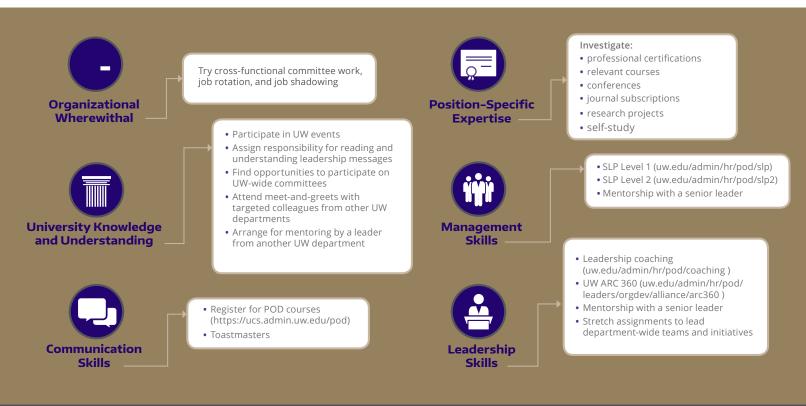
SHORT TERM GOALS

Supervisor signature & date

What are your career	goals for the n	ext year or two	(these may or	may not be the	same as you	ır annual
performance goals)? L	Describe how yo	our short term	goals fit in with	n the goals and	priorities of y	our department.

perjaaee 6001091. Describe	Them your short term godis fit		d.r.d. priorities	o, , , o a
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
SKILL AND COMPETENCY What skills or competencies a	REQUIREMENTS To you need to build to reach yo	our goals?		
Skill or Competency to be Developed	Training Activities (formal training, mentorship, cross training, independent learning, etc.)	Target Dates	Associated Costs	RESULTS
This career development plan	provides an appartunity to de	emonstrata vou	ur career notantic	al and is not a guarantee of
a promotion. The plan should and/or personal priorities.	provides an opportunity to de d be evaluated at least every six	months and a	adjusted as need	ed based on organizational
Employee signature & date		_ /		_
zimprojee signature a date				

What do you want to strengthen?



Before going into a career development discussion or collaborating on the Career Development Plan Worksheet, managers should prepare by reflecting on the following questions:

- What are the employee's career goals? Are they realistic? Are they compatible with the organizational goals and needs?
- What actions has the employee completed so far? How successful were they?
- In what areas do you think the employee needs to develop new or more refined skills?
- Are there additional skills or competencies the employee should focus on to achieve their desired career goal?
- What resources, training, or experience can you provide to help them reach their goal? Is there additional knowledge, certification, or education the employee needs to acquire?
- What shifts in current priority or workload can you accommodate to ensure the employee has bandwidth to pursue development opportunities?

